

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Prepared for the
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

NOTES ON BASE
This is one map in a series of topographic map sheets covering the entire surface of Mars at nominal scales of 1:25,000,000 and 1:5,000,000 (Batson, 1973). The major source of map data was the Mariner 9 television experiment (Masursky and others, 1970).

ADOPTED FIGURE

The figure of Mars used for the computation of the map projection is an oblate spheroid (flattening of 1/192) with an equatorial radius of 3393.4 km and a polar radius of 3375.7 km.

PROJECTION

The Mercator projection is used for this sheet, with a scale of 1:5,000,000 at the equator and 1:4,336,000 at lat 30°. Longitudes increase to the west in accordance with usage of the International Astronomical Union (IAU, 1971). Latitudes are areographic (de Vaucouleurs and others, 1973).

CONTROL

Planimetric control is provided by photogrammetric triangulation using Mariner 9 pictures (Davies, 1973; Davies and Arthur, 1973) and the radio-tracked position of the spacecraft. The first meridian passes through the crater Argyro (lat 5.19° S) within the crater Alnitak. Some simple statement is possible for the precision, but local consistency is ± 1.5 km.

MAPPING TECHNIQUE

A series of mosaics of Mercator projections of Mariner 9 pictures was assembled at 1:5,000,000.

Shaded relief was copied from the mosaics and portrayed with uniform illumination with the sun to the west. Many Mariner 9 pictures besides those in the base mosaics were examined to improve the portrayal (Levinthal and others, 1973). The shading is not generalized and may be interpreted with photographic reliability (Davies, 1972).

Shaded relief analysis and representation were made by Susan L. Davis.

ALBEDO MARKINGS

The markings superimposed on the shaded relief were hand copied from pictures that were computer enhanced especially to show low frequency tone variation (Batson and Inge, 1976). The surface in these pictures is illuminated from a variety of angles from the camera line of sight. The markings therefore delineate boundaries of local brightness variations only and should not be considered as a true measure of albedo. No attempt was made to use Earth based telescopic albedo data.

Airbrush portrayal of albedo markings was done by Patricia M. Bridges.

CONTOURS

Since Mars has no seas and hence no sea level, the datum (the 0 km contour line) for altitudes is defined by a gravity field described by spherical harmonics of fourth order and frame degree (Jordan and Lorell, 1973) combined with a 6.1 million atmospheric pressure surface derived from Mariner 9 pressure data (Klare and others, 1973; Christensen, 1975). This datum is a triaxial ellipsoid with semi-major axes of 3,394.6 km, 3,393.3 km, and a semi-minor axis of 3,376.3 km. The semi-major axis A intersects the Martian surface at long 105°.

The contour lines (Wu, 1975) were compiled from Earth-based radar determinations (Davis and others, 1971). Photometric measurements (Davies, 1971) were made by Mariner 9 instruments, including the ultraviolet spectrometer (Conrad and others, 1974), infrared interferometer spectrometer (Conrad and others, 1973), and stereoscopic Mariner 9 television pictures (Wu and others, 1973).

Formal analysis of contour-line accuracy has not been made. The estimated vertical accuracy of each source of data indicates a probable error of 1-2 km.

COLOR

No attempt was made on the map to precisely duplicate the color of the Martian surface, although the color used does approximate it.

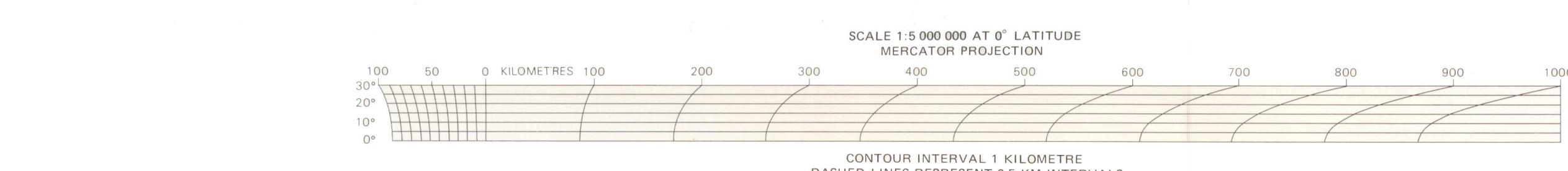
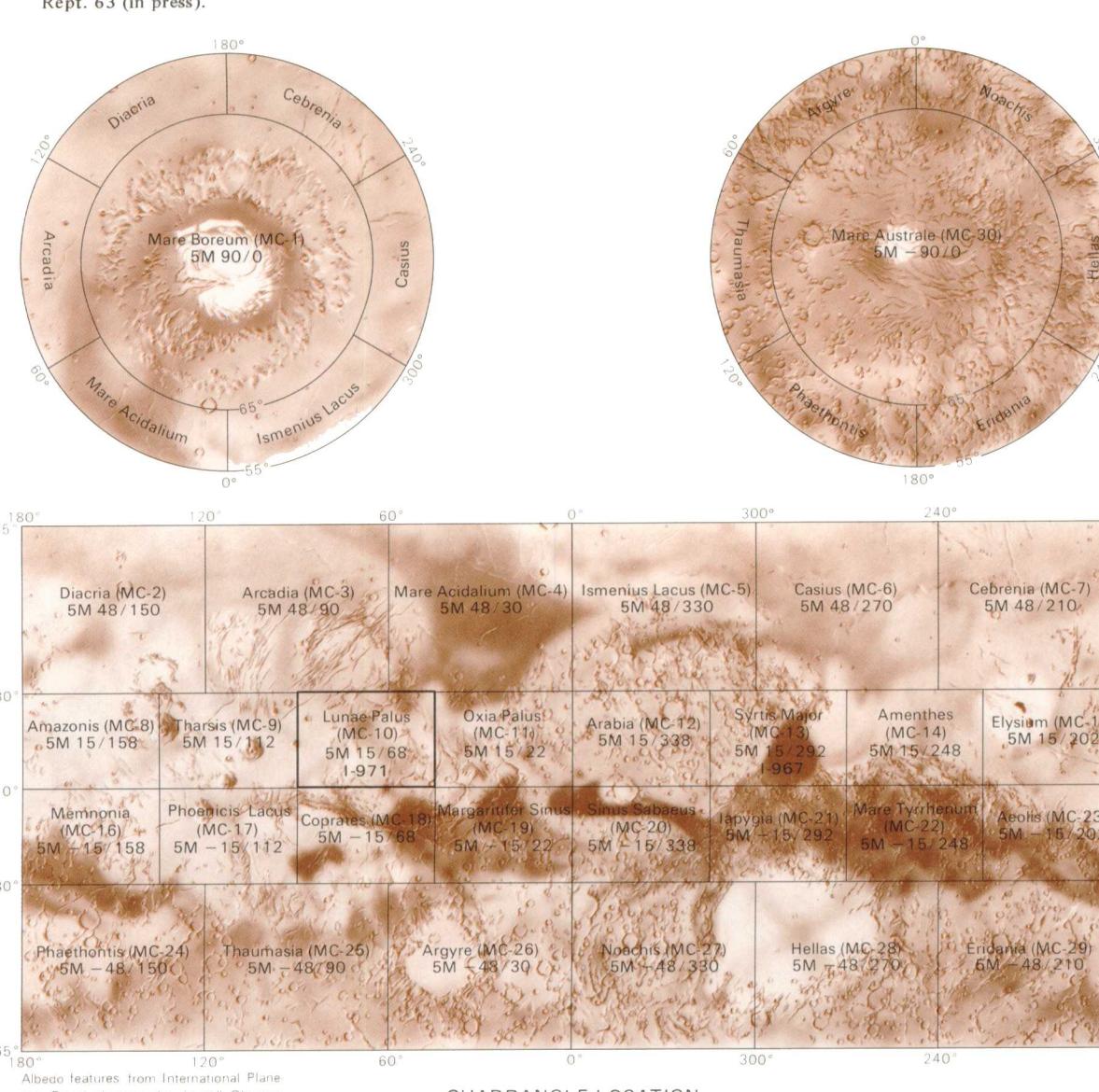
NOMENCLATURE

All names on this sheet are approved by the International Astronomical Union (IAU, 1974); Millman, written communication, 1975), except the following name which is provisional: Sacra Fossa. Double and triple letter designations for craters refer to positions on the map. Some craters have alternative names; latter designations for these craters are shown in parentheses. When letters lie mostly on an adjoining map, their letters are derived from the other map; where craters lie exactly on the boundary of two maps, their letters are derived from the eastern or southern map.

MC-10: Abbreviation for Mars Chart 10.
M 5M 15/68 RMC: Abbreviation for Mars Chart 10, 1:5,000,000 series; center of sheet, 68° longitude, 68° latitude shaded relief map, R, with albedo markings, M, and contours, C.

REFERENCES

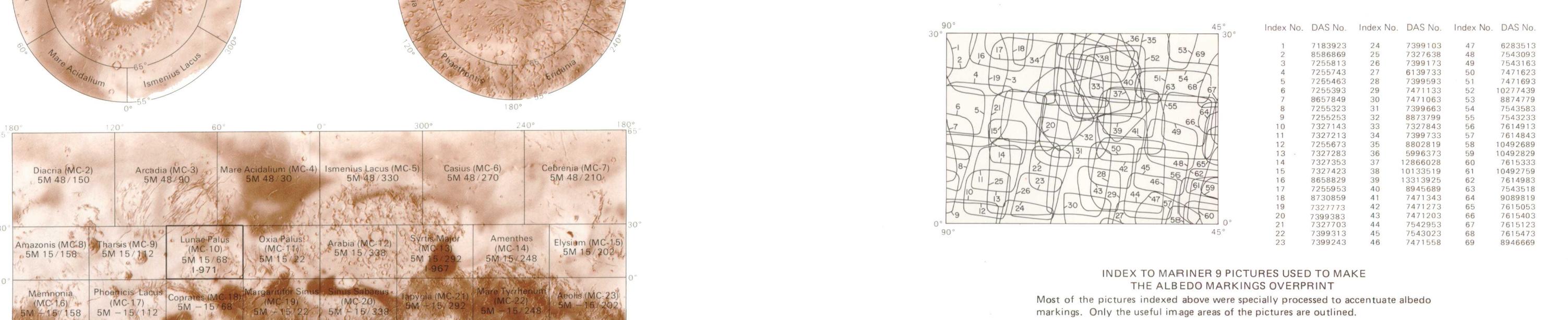
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SCALE 1:5,000,000 AT 0° LATITUDE
MERCATOR PROJECTION

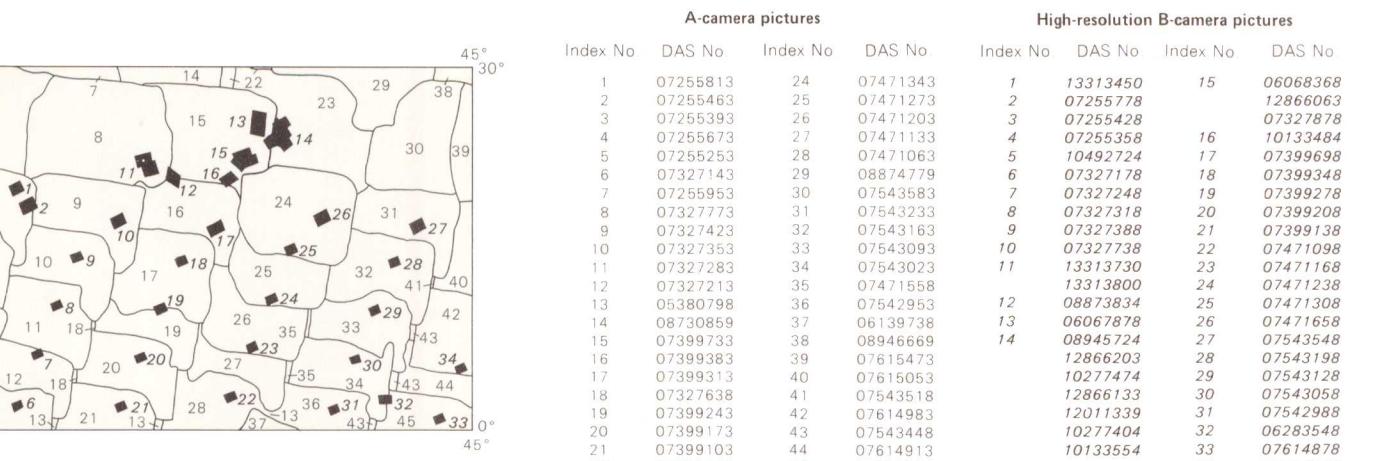
CONTOUR INTERVAL 1 KILOMETRE

DASHED LINES REPRESENT 0.5 KM INTERVALS



INDEX TO MARINER 9 PICTURES USED TO MAKE THE ALBEDO MARKINGS OVERPRINT

Most of the pictures indexed above were specially processed to accentuate albedo markings. Only the useful image areas of the pictures are outlined.



INDEX TO MARINER 9 PICTURES

The mosaic used to control the positioning of features on this map was made with the Mariner 9 A-camera pictures outlined above, identified by vertical numbers. Also shown (by solid black rectangles) are the high-resolution B-camera pictures, identified by italicized numbers.

TOPOGRAPHIC MAP OF THE LUNAE PALUS QUADRANGLE OF MARS

MC-10
M 5M 15/68 RMC
1976

For sale by U.S. Geological Survey.
Denver, Colo. 80225, and Reston, Va. 22092, price \$1.00

QUADRANGLE LOCATION
Number preceded by I refers to published topographic map

Albedo features from International Planetary Panel
Lunar Photo Atlas: Lower Observ.

Topographic: Arc